Kodo millet (*Paspalum scorbiculatum* L.)

I Subject:

These test guidelines apply to all the varieties, hybrids and parental lines of Kodo millet (*Paspalum scorbiculatum* L.)

II Material required:

- 1. The Protection Plant Varieties and Farmers' Right Authority (PPV & FRA) shall decide when, where and in what quantity and quality of the seed material is required for testing a varietal denomination applied for registration, under The PPV & FR Act 2001. Applicants submitting such seed material from a country other than India shall make sure that all customs and quarantine requirements stipulated under relevant National legislations and regulations are complied with. The minimum quantity of the seed material to be the applicant shall be 500 grams. The seed shall be packed and sealed in ten equal weighing packets of 50 grams each and submitted in one lot. In addition, 10 panicles need to be submitted, if required.
- 2. The seeds submitted shall have the following standards of seed germination:

a. Germination : 80% (Minimum)
b. Moisture content : 12% (Maximum)
c. Physical purity : 97% (Minimum)
d. Inert matter : 3% (Maximum)

- 3. The applicant shall also submit along with the seed a certified data on germination test made not more than one month prior to the date of submission. It also shall posses the highest genetic purity, uniformity, sanitary and phyto-sanitary standards as per national requirement.
- 4. The seeds/planting material shall not have been subjected to any chemical and biophysical treatment.

III Conduct of tests:

- 1. The minimum duration of the DUS test shall normally be at least two independent similar growing seasons for new varieties and one season in case of farmers' varieties and varieties of common knowledge (VCK) under extant category.
- 2. The test shall normally be conducted at least at two test locations.
- **3.** The field test shall be carried out under conditions favouring normal growth and expression of all test characteristics. The size of the plots shall be such that plants or its parts could be removed for measurement and observation without prejudicing the

other observations on the plants until the end of growing period. Each test shall include about 360 plants across three replications. Separate plots for observation on pest/ disease resistance for those varieties claiming resistance shall be laid out in two replications.

4. Test plot design:

Number of rows: 04 Row length: 3.0 m

Row to row distance: 30cm Plant to plant distance: 10 cm

No. of replication: 3

- **5.** Observation shall not be recorded on plants in border rows.
- 6. Additional tests for special purpose shall be established by the PPV & FR Authority.

IV Methods and observation:

- 1. The characteristics described in the table of characteristics (Section VII) shall be used for the testing of varieties, parental lines and hybrids for their DUS.
- 2. For the assessment of Distinctness and Stability, observations shall be recorded on 30 plants or parts of 30 plants, which shall be divided among 3 replications (10 plants in each replication).
- 3. For the assessment of uniformity of characteristics on the plot as a whole (visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants), the number of off types (including plant parts) should not exceed 2 in 100.
- 4. For the assessment of all colour characteristics, the latest Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) color chart shall be used.

V Grouping of varieties:

- 1. The candidate varieties for DUS testing shall be divided into groups to facilitate assessment of Distinctness. Characteristics which are suitable for grouping purpose are those which do not vary or vary slightly, within a variety. Their various states of expression should be fairly evenly distributed throughout the collection.
- 2. The following characteristics are to be used for grouping Kodo millet varieties
 - 1. Leaf juncture pigmentation (Characteristic 6)
 - 2. Panicle appearance (Characteristic 12)
 - 3. Spikelet arrangement on rachis (Characteristic 14)
 - 4. Spikelet irregular rows: Intensity (Characteristic 15)

5. Glume: Nerves on glumes (Characteristic 24)

VI Characteristics & symbol

- 1. To assess Distinctiveness, Uniformity and Stability, the characteristics and their states as given in the Table of characteristics (Section VII) shall be used.
- 2. Notes (1-9) shall be given for each state of expression for different characteristics for the purpose of electronic data processing.
- 3. Legend:
- (*) Characteristics that shall be observed during every growing season on all varieties and shall always be included in the description of the variety, except when the state of expression of any of these characters is rendered impossible by a preceding phenological characteristic or by the environmental conditions of the testing region. Under such exceptional situation, adequate explanation shall be provided
- (+) See Explanation on the Table of characteristics in Section VIII. It is to be noted that for certain characteristics the plant parts on which observations to be taken are given in the explanation or figure(s) for clarity and not the colour variation.
- 4. A decimal code number in the sixth column of Table of characteristics indicates the optimum stage for the observation of each characteristic during the growth and development of plant.

Decimal code for the growth stage

Stage code	General Description
15	2-4 Leaf stage
26	Vegetative
51	50 %Flowering
59	Complete flowering
67	Dough stage
77	Seed filling
83	Maturity
95	After harvest

5. Type of assessment:

MG: Single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants.

MS: Measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants.

VG: Visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or plant parts.

VS: Visual assessment by observation of individual plant or parts of plants.

VII Table of Characteristics

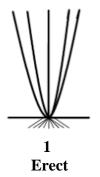
Sl	Clara de dist	54-4	Score/	Example	Stage of	Type of
no	Characteristics	States	Notes	Varieties	observations	assessment
	DI (C (1	Erect	3	JK 155		
	Plant: Growth habit	Decumbent	5	JK 439	15	VG
		Prostrate	7	GPLM 302		
		Very low (<10)	2	GPLM 16		MS
	Basal tillers:	Low (10-20)	3	RK 390-25	26	
2	Number	Medium (20.1-30.0)	5	GPLM 12	26	
		High (>30)	7	GPLM 5		
3	T C Aut 1	Erect	3	JK 48	26	N.C.
(*)	Leaf : Attitude	Droopy	5	JK 155	26	VG
		Early(<65)	3	GPLM 8		116
4	Days to	Medium (65-75)	5	JK 65	51	
(*)	50% flowering	Late(75-85)	7	TNAU 86	51	MG
(+)		Very late(>85)	9	GPLM 328		
5	Leaf Sheath:	Absent	1	JK 48	54	MC
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 155	34	VS
6	Leaf juncture:	Absent	1	RK 390-25	54	VS
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 48		
7	Internode:	Absent	1	GPLM 23	54	VS
(*)	Pigmentation	Present	9	JK 155	34	۷۵
8	Leaf blade:	Absent	1	DPS 9-1	54	VG
	Pigmentation	Present	9	-	31	٧٥
		Short(<20.0)	3	RK 390-25		MS
9 (+)	Flag leaf blade: Length (cm)	Medium (20.0-30.0)	5	DPS 9-1	54	
		Long(>30.0)	7	-		
	Flag leaf blade: width(cm)	Narrow(<0.5)	3	-	54	MS
10 (+)		Medium (0.5-1.0)	5	JK 98		
		Wide(>1.0)	7	JK 48		
		Short(<5.0)	3	-		
11 (+)	Peduncle: Length (cm)	Medium (5.0-10.0)	5	JK 48	54	MS
		Long(> 10.0)	7	RK 390-25		

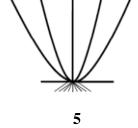
12		Compact	3	RK 390-25		
(*)	Panicle: Appearance	Semi compact	5	JK 155	54	VG
(+)		Open	7	Indira kodo 1		VG
13	Panicle:	Partial	1	RK 390-25		
(+)	Exertion	Complete	9	JK 13	54	VS
14	Spikelet:	•				
(*)	Arrangement	Regular	2	TNAU 86	67	VG
(+)	on rachis	Irregular	8	RK 390-25	07	70
	Spikelet irregular rows:	Two-three	3	JK 48		
		Two -four	5	-		
15		Lower half			67	VG
	Intensity	(regular at	7	RK 390-25		
		upper half)				
16	Spike:	Absent	1	DPS 9-1	67	VG
(+)	Branching	Present	9	RK 390-25	07	70
17	Spike:	Straight	2	TNAU 86	67	VG
(+)	Curvature	Curved	4	RK 390-25	07	
18	Spikelet:	Lax	4	JK 48	67	VG
10	Density	Dense	6	RK 390-25	07	VG
1.0	G 1	Low (<3)	3	GPLM 37		MG
19	Culm:	Medium(3-7)	5	JK 48	67	
(+)	Branching	High (>7)	7	TNAU 86		
		Short (<5.0)	3	GPLM 610		
20 (+)	Panicle: Length (cm)	Medium (5.1-8.0)	4	JK 13	77	MS
		Long (>8.0)	5	JK 62		
21	Thumb raceme: Length (cm)	Short (< 5)	3	-	77	MS
(+)		Medium (5-7)	5	JK 62		
(+)		Long (>7)	7	JK 48		
	Raceme: Length (cm)	Short(< 5.0)	3	GPLM 6		MS
		Medium (5.0-10.0)	5	JK 48	77	
22 (+)		Long (10.1-15.0)	7	GPLM 54		
		Very long (>15.0)	9	-		
23	23 Raceme: (*) Number (Above thumb)	Low (<2)	3	GPLM 101	77	MS
		Medium (2-4)	5	GPLM 1		
(*)		High (4-6)	7	DPS 9-1		
		Very high	9	-		

		(>6.0)				
24 (*)	Glume:	Narrow (7 nerves)	3	JK 48	77	VG
(+)	Appearance of Nerves	Broad (5 nerves)	5	DPS 9-1		
25	Plant: Height (cm)	Semi dwarf (<30.0)	1	GPLM 196	83	MS
		Dwarf (30.0-50.0)	3	GPLM 193		
(*)		Medium (50.1-70.0)	5	JK 13		
		Tall (>70.0)	7	JK 65		
26	Lodging	Absent	1	TNAU 86	83	VG
20		Present	9	DPS 9-12		
27	Seed:	Absent	1	GPLM 2	83	VG
21	Shattering	Present	9	TNAU 86		
	Grain: Colour	Light brown RHS NO 177D	3	GPLM 68	83	VG
28 (*)		Brown RHS NO177C	4	-		
		Dark brown RHS NO 177B	5	JK 155		
29	Grain: Shape	Elliptical	2	JK 439	95	VG
29		Oval	4	RK 390-25		
	1000- grain weight (g)	Low (<5.0)	3	GPLM 129		MG
30 (*)		Medium (5.0-6.0)	5	RK 390-25	95	
		High (>6.0)	7	GPLM 54		

II Explanations for Table of Characteristics

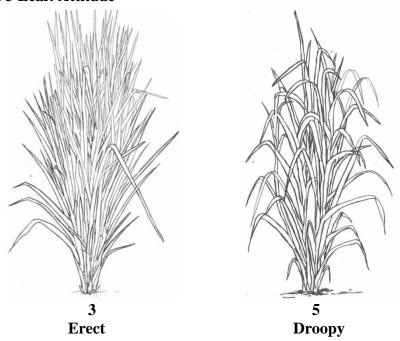
Characteristic 1 Plant: Growth habit







Characteristic 3 Leaf: Attitude



Characteristic 4 Days to 50 % flowering

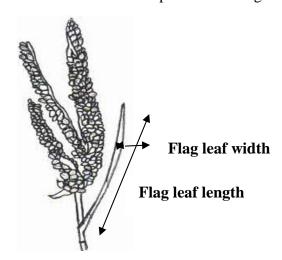
Days to 50% flowering is from sowing to the stage when ears have emerged from main tiller in 50 percent population.

Characteristic 9 Flag leaf blade: Length (cm)

Flag leaf blade length is measured from ligule to flag leaf blade tip.

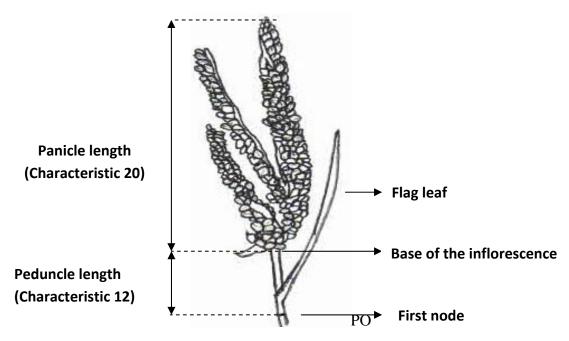
Characteristic 10 Flag leaf blade: Width (cm)

Flag leaf blade width is measured at the widest point of the flag leaf

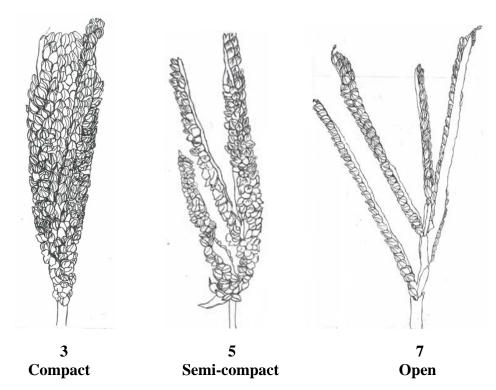


Characteristic 11 Peduncle: Length (cm)

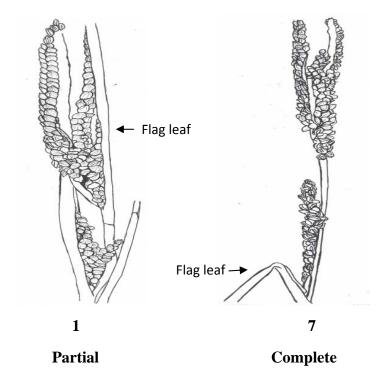
Peduncle length is measured from earhead base to the top most node on main tiller.



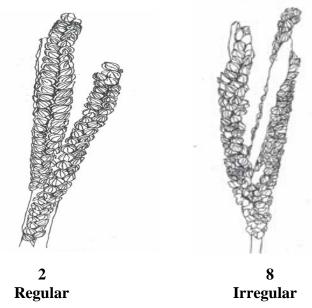
Characteristic 12 Panicle: Appearance



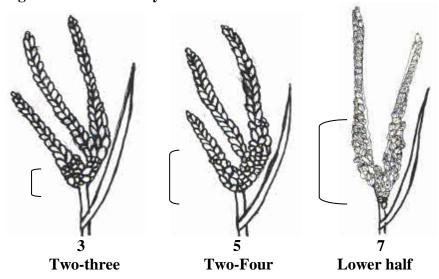
Characteristic 13 Panicle: Exertion



Characteristic 14 Spikelet: Arrangement on rachis



15 Spikelet irregular rows: Intensity



Characteristic 16 Spike: Branching

Characteristic 17 Spike: Curvature

Characteristic 19 Culm: Branching

- Low Upper nodes rarely produce branches
- Medium -Upper 2 4 nodes produce branches
- High- Most nodes produce branches

Characteristic 20 Panicle: Length (cm)

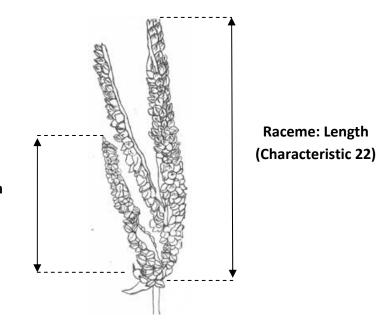
Panicle length is measured from base of the inflorescence to the tip of the panicle.

Characteristic 21 Thumb raceme: Length (cm)

Thumb raceme length is measured from base to the tip of the thumb raceme

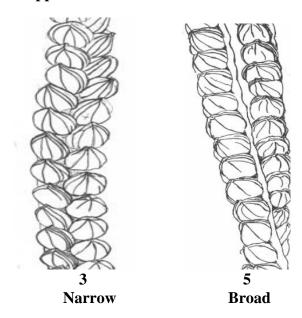
Characteristic 22 Raceme: Length (cm)

Raceme length is measured from base of the longest raceme in the inflorescence to the tip of the raceme.



Thumb raceme: Length (Characteristic 21)

Characteristic 24 Glume : Appearance of nerves



.Characteristic 25 Plant: Height (cm)

Plant height is measured from ground level to the tip of the earhead on main tiller.